Guidelines Regarding Hoisting of National Flag on Republic Day

1069. SHRI O. RAJAGOPAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) Whether any Gudilines have been issued in regard to the Hoisting of National Flag on Republic day/ Independence Day; if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(b) whether it is a fact that Police obstructed and prevented the Bhartiya Janata Party Workers in hoisting the National Flag on 26th January, 1993 at Vaoakkanchery in Palghat District of Kerala, if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTYRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P.M. SAYEED): (a) The guidelines issued to all State Governments/Union Territory Administrations for celebration of the Independence Day, inter-alia, prescribe ceremonial unfurling/hoisting of the National Flag at State, District, Sub-Divisional/Block and Panchayat levels. As regards the Republic day, the pattern of celebrations in the Capital which includes unfurling/hoisting of the National Flag is communicated to the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations with a request to ensure that the day is suitably celebrated.

(b) According to the information furnished by the State Government with a view to avoiding breach of peace the Police had to prevent the BJP workers from hoisting the National Flag on 26th January, 1993 at Vadakkanchery because the site chosen by the BJP was very close to the Mananam Maidan, Vadakkanchery town which had permitted by the authorities to be used by Congress (I). The BJP members finally hoisted the National Flag at Vadakkanchery—Alathur Road Margin near Police Station as agreed and dispersed peacefully.

राजीव गांधी की हत्या में शामिल ''लिट्टे'' नेताओं का प्रत्यार्पण

1070. **श्री अजीत जोगी:** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार ने श्रीलंका-सरकार से हमारे भूतपूर्व प्रधान मंत्री, स्वर्गीय श्री राजीव गांधी की हत्या में शामिल ''लिट्टे'' नेताओं के प्रत्यार्पण के लिये अनुरोध किया है;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में श्रीलंका सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है;

(ग) इस संबंध में जिन मुकदमों पर अदालत में विचार किया जा रहा है। उनमें अब तक कितनी प्रगति हुई है; और

(घ) इस प्रयोजनार्थ गठित किये गये जांच-आयोग के प्रतिवेदन पर अब तक क्या कार्यवाही की गई है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राजेश पायलट): (क) और (ख) श्रीलंका सरकार से अभी तक कोई अनुरोध नहीं किया गया है।

(ग) और (घ) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है तथा उसे सदन के पटल पर रख दिया जाएगा।

Population Density as per 1991 Census

1071. SHRI SARADA MOHANTY:
SHRI SOM PAL:
SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the details of districtwise population density per square kilometer, in Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra and Tripura; and what was the position -of these States in respect of population density amongst other States and Union territories as per 1991 census;

(b) what was the rural and urban population breakup in different States in regard to population density; and

(c) what specific steps at the Central and State Government levels are proposed to be taken during the 8th Five Year Plan to reduce the population density; and what targets are contemplated year-wise in different States and country as a whole?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P.M. SAYEED) : (a) A statement showing the districtwise density of population in Madhya Pradesh Gujarat, Maharashtra and Tripura is enclosed as Statement-I (See below) Another statement showing the density of population of India States and Union Territories as per 1991 census is also enclosed as Statement-II. (See below)

(b) A statement showing the total rural and urban population of India in different States & Union Territories is enclosed as Statement-Ill. (See below)

(c) The steps at Government level to reduce population density comprise reduction of population growth rate through rate through various measures, and showing down of rural-urban migration through rural development and employment programmes as well as integrated development of small and medium towns.

Statement-I

District-wise Density of Population in the States of Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra and Tripura as per 1991 Census

S. No.	State/Distt.	Density of Population Per Sq. Km.
1	2	3
	Madhya Pradesh	149
1.	Morena	148
2.	Bhind	273
3.	Gwalior	271
4.	Datia	194
5.	Shivpuri	110
6.	Guna	118
7.	Tikamgarh	186
8.	Chhatarpur	133
9.	Panna	96
10.	Sagar	161
11.	Damoh	123
12.	Satna	195
13.	Rewa	246
14.	Shahdol	124
15.	Sidhi	130
16.	Mandsaur	159
17.	Ratlam	200
18.	Ujjain	227
19.	Shajapur	167
20.	Dewas	147
21.	Jhabhua	167
22.	Dhar	168
23.	Indore	471
24.	West Nimar	151
25.	East Nimar	133
26.	Rajgarh	161
27.	Vidisha	132
28.	Bhopal	488
29.	Schore	128
30.	Raisen	104
31.	Betul	118
32.	Hoshangabad	126
33.	Jabalpur	261
34.	Narsimhapur	153
35.	Mandla	97
36.	Chhindwara	133
37.	Seoni	114
38.	Balaghat	148
39.	Surguja	94
40.	Bilaspur	191
41.	Raigarh	133
42.	Rajnandgaon	129
43.	Durg	281
44.	Raipur	184
45.	Bastar	58
	Gujarat	211
1.	Jamnagar	155
2.	Rajkot	225
3.	Surendranagar	116
4.	Bhavnagar	245
5.	Amreli	186
6.	Junagadh	227
7.	Kachchh	65
8.	Banaskantha	175
9.	Sabarkantha	243
10.	Mahesana	325
11.	Gandhinagar	629
12.	Ahmedabad	561
13.	Kheda	499
14.	Panchmahals	335
15.	Vadodara	396

1	2	3
16.	Bhatuch	199
17.	Surat	456
18.	Valsad	422
19.	The Dangs	84
	Maharashtra	257
1.	Greater Bombay	16461
2.	Thane	549
3.	Raigarh	255
4.	Ratnagiri	188
5.	Sindhudurg	160
6.	Nasik	248
7.	Dhule	193
8.	Jalgaon	271
9.	Ahmednagar	198
10.	Pune	354
11.	Satara	234
12.	Sangli	258
13.	Solapur	217
14.	Kolhapur	389
15.	Aurangabad	219
16.	Jalna	177
17.	Parbhani	192
18.	Bid	170
19.	Nanded	221
20.	Osmanabad	169
21.	Latur	234
22.	Buldana	195
23.	Akola	209
24.	Amravati	180
25.	Yavatmal	153
26.	Wardha	169
27.	Nagpur	332
28.	Bhandara	226
29.	Chandrapur	155
30.	Gadchiroli	55
	Tripura	263
1.	West TRipura	427
2.	North Tripura	197
3.	South Tripura	196

STATEMENT II

Density of Population in India, States/ Union Territories as per 1991 Census.

India/State Union Territory	Density Per SQ. KM.
1	2
INDIA	267
1. Andhra Pradesh	242
2. Arunachal Pradesh	10
3. Assam	286
4. Bihar	497
5. Goa	316
6. Gujarat	211
7. Haryana	372
8. Himachal Pradesh	93
9. Jammu & Kashmir	76
10. Karnataka	235
11. Kerala	749
12. Madhya Pradesh	149
13. Maharashtra	257
14. Manipur	82
15. Meghalaya	79
16. Mizoram	33
17. Nagaland	73
18. Orissa	203
19. Punjab	403
20. Rajasthan	129
21. Sikkim	57
22. Tamil Nadu	429
23. Tripura	263
24. Uttar Pradesh	473
25. West Bengal	767
Union Territories	
1. A & N Islands	34
2. Chandigarh	5632
3. D & N Haveli	282

1	2	1	2
4. Daman & Diu	907	6. Lakshadwep	1616
5. Delhi	6352	7. Pondicherry	1642

STATEMENT III

Population of India, States and Union Territories by Rural-Urban Residence, 1991 Census

Sl. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Population		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	2	3	4	5
	INDIA.	846,302,688	628,691,676	217,611,012
	States:			
1.	Andhra Pradesh	66,508,008	48,620,882	17,887,126
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	864,558,	753,930	110,628
3.	Assam	22,414,322	19,926,527	2,487,795
4.	Bihar	86,474,465	75,021,453	11,353,012
5.	Goa	1,169,793	690,041	479,752
6.	Gujarat	41,309,582	27,063,521	14,246,061
7.	Haryana	16,463,648	12,408,904	4,054,744
8.	Himachal Pradesh	5,170,877	4,721,681	449,196
9.	Jammu & Kashmir**	7,718,700	5,879,300	1,839,400
10.	Karnataka	44,977,201	31,069,413	13,907,788
11.	Kerala	29,098,518	21,418,224	7,680,294
12.	Madhya Pradesh	66,181,170	50,842,333	15,338,837
13.	Maharashtra	78,937,187	48,395,601	30,541,586
14.	Manipur	1,837,149	1,331,504	505,645
15.	Meghalaya	1,774,778	1,444,731	330,047
16.	Mizoram	689,756	371,810	317,946
17.	Nagaland	1,209,546	1,001,323	208,223
18.	Orissa	31,659,736	27,424,753	4,234,983
19.	Punjab	20,281,969	14,288,744	5,993,225
20.	Rajasthan	44,005,990	33,938,877	10,067,113
21.	Sikkim	406,457	369,451	37,006
22.	Tamil Nadu	55,858,946	36,781,354	19,077,592
23.	Tripura	2,757,205	2,335,484	421,721

1	2	3	4	5
24.	Uttar Pradesh	139,112,287	111,506,372	27,605,915
25.	West Bengal	68,077,965	49,370,364	18,707,601
	Union Territories:			
1.	A & N Islands	280,661	205,706	74,955
2.	Chandigarh	642,015	66,186	575,829
3.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	138,477	126,752	11,725
4.	Daman & Diu	101,586	54,043	47,543
5.	Delhi	9,420,644	949,019	8,471,625
6.	Lakshadweep	51,707	22,593	29,114
7.	Pondicherry	807,785	290,800	516,985

The 1991 Census was not held in Jammu & Kashmir. The population figures for Jammu & Kashmir are as
projected by the Standing Committee of Experts on Population Projections (October, 1989),

अफगानिस्तान से भारतीय सीमा पर घुसपैठ

1072. **श्री राम मरेश यादव:** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि हाल ही में भारतीय क्षेत्र में घुसपैठ कर रहे कुछ अफगान-नागरिकों को पकड़ा गया था;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इन घुसपैठियों की संख्या कितनी थी; और

(ग) भविष्य में सीमा पर घुसपैठ को रोकने के लिए क्या उपाय किये गये हैं/किये जाने की संभावना है?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राजेश पायलट): (क) और (ख) उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार, सुरक्षा बलों द्वारा फरवरी, 1993 में एक अफगान नागरिक, नियंत्रण रेखा के पास मारा गया था। पिछले 6 महीनों के दौरान, घाटी के अन्य भागों में सुरक्षा बलों द्वारा 6 अफगान नागरिक मारे गए और एक को गिरफ्तार किया गया। राज्य में घुसपैठ करने वाले इस प्रकार के विदेशी नागरिकों की संख्या का सही-सही अनुमान लगाना संभव नहीं है। तथापि, यह अनुमान है कि इस प्रकार के व्यक्तियों की संख्या अधिक नहीं है।

(ग) उग्रवादियों पर लगातार दबाव बनाया जा रहा है, संभावित घुसपैठ के मार्गों पर गहन निगरानी की जा रही है और संबंधित सुरक्षा उपायों को कड़ा कर दिया गया है।

MEETING OF NATIONAL INTEGRATION COUNCIL

1073. SHRI V. RAJESWAR RAO:
DR. SHRIKANT
RAMCH ANDRA
JICHKAR:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received a letter sent by some members of the National Integrating Council requesting the Prime Minister to convene the meeting of the council;

(b) if so, decision taken thereon; and

(c) what is the set procedure for calling meeting of the Council?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P.M. SAYEED): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) and (c) As and when it is felt that there are some issues requiring discussion in the NICa meeting is called by the Prime Minister who is the Chairman of the Council.